

House Professional Licensure Committee

Meeting Agenda

Oct. 28, 2025 9:30 a.m. B-31 Main Capitol Building

Call to Order

Roll call

HOUSE BILL 1251 (Curry) – Allows nurse midwives to refer patients for physical therapy.

• Amendment A01971 (Burns) – Adds a definition of midwife to the Physical Therapy Practice Act that includes nurse midwives and certified midwives.

HOUSE BILL 1961 (Merski) - Authorizes Pennsylvania to join the Physician Assistant Compact.

HOUSE BILL 1980 (Takac) – Requires physicians to complete one hour of CME in nutrition each biennial licensing period.

SENATE BILL 507 (Brown) – Establishes licensure for certified midwives and modernizes collaborative agreements for certified midwives and certified nurse midwives.

Any other business

Adjournment

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES DEMOCRATIC COMMITTEE BILL ANALYSIS

Bill No: HB1251 PN2296 Prepared By: Joseph Brett

Committee: Professional Licensure (717) 772-4031, 6931

Sponsor: Curry, Gina Executive Director: Kari Orchard

Date: 10/24/2025

A. Brief Concept

Allows certified nurse midwives to refer patients for physical therapy and allows physical therapists to accept such referrals for conditions within the midwife's scope of practice.

C. Analysis of the Bill

HB 1251 amends the Physical Therapy Practice Act to allow certified nurse midwives to refer patients to licensed physical therapists for treatment of conditions within the scope of midwifery practice.

Effective Date:

This act shall take effect in 60 days.

G. Relevant Existing Laws

Currently, referrals may come from physicians, physician assistants, certified registered nurse practitioners, dentists, or podiatrists. House Bill 1251 adds certified nurse midwives to that list, permitting physical therapists to accept and treat patients referred by them for relevant conditions such as those related to pregnancy, childbirth, and postpartum recovery.

E. Prior Session (Previous Bill Numbers & House/Senate Votes)

This bill was not introduced in prior sessions.

This document is a summary of proposed legislation and is prepared only as general information for use by the Democratic Members and Staff of the Pennsylvania House of Representatives. The document does not represent the legislative intent of the Pennsylvania House of Representatives and may not be utilized as such.

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

HOUSE BILL

No. 1251 Session of 2025

INTRODUCED BY CURRY, HILL-EVANS, WAXMAN, GUZMAN, PIELLI, OTTEN, CEPEDA-FREYTIZ, CERRATO, PROBST, BOROWSKI, RIVERA, MAYES, HOHENSTEIN, SHUSTERMAN AND SANCHEZ, SEPTEMBER 10, 2025

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON PROFESSIONAL LICENSURE, SEPTEMBER 10, 2025

AN ACT

- 1 Amending the act of October 10, 1975 (P.L.383, No.110), entitled
- 2 "An act relating to the practice of physical therapy,"
- further providing for practice of physical therapy.
- 4 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
- 5 hereby enacts as follows:
- 6 Section 1. Section 9(a) of the act of October 10, 1975
- 7 (P.L.383, No.110), known as the Physical Therapy Practice Act,
- 8 is amended to read:
- 9 Section 9. Practice of Physical Therapy. -- (a) Except as
- 10 provided in subsection (b), no individual licensed under this
- 11 act as a physical therapist shall treat human ailments by
- 12 physical therapy or otherwise except by the referral of an
- 13 individual licensed as a physician, a licensed physician
- 14 assistant practicing pursuant to a written agreement with a
- 15 physician or a certified registered nurse practitioner
- 16 practicing pursuant to a collaborative agreement with a
- 17 physician; however, a physical therapist shall be permitted to

- 1 accept the referral of a licensed dentist [or], podiatrist[,] or
- 2 <u>certified nurse midwife</u> for the treatment of a condition that is
- 3 within the scope of practice of dentistry [or], podiatry or
- 4 <u>midwifery</u>. Nothing in this act shall be construed as
- 5 authorization for a physical therapist to practice any branch of
- 6 the healing arts except as described in this act. For purposes
- 7 of this section, relating to referrals, a licensed physician,
- 8 dentist [or], podiatrist or certified nurse midwife means an
- 9 individual holding an active license in this Commonwealth, the
- 10 District of Columbia or any other state or United States
- 11 territory.
- 12 * * *
- 13 Section 2. This act shall take effect in 60 days.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1251

Sponsor: SUNS

Printer's No. 2296

Amend Bill, page 1, line 3, by inserting after "for" 1 2 definitions and for 3 Amend Bill, page 1, lines 6 through 8, by striking out all of said lines and inserting 5 Section 1. The definition of "physician assistant" in section 2 of the act of October 10, 1975 (P.L.383, No.110), known as the Physical Therapy Practice Act, is amended and the 8 section is amended by adding a definition to read: 9 Section 2. Definitions. -- The following definitions shall 10 apply, when used in this act, unless otherwise expressed 11 therein: 12 13 "Midwife" means an individual licensed under the act of 14 <u>December 20, 1985 (P.L.457, No.112)</u>, known as the "Medical 15 Practice Act of 1985." * * * 16 17 "Physician assistant" means an individual as defined in the act of October 5, 1978 (P.L.1109, No.261), known as the 18 "Osteopathic Medical Practice Act," or the [act of December 20, 19 1985 (P.L.457, No.112), known as the] "Medical Practice Act of 20 1985." 21 * * * 22 23 Section 2. Section 9(a) of the act is amended to read: 24 Amend Bill, page 2, line 2, by striking out "certified nurse" 25 Amend Bill, page 2, line 8, by striking out "certified nurse" 26 Amend Bill, page 2, line 13, by striking out "2" and

27 inserting

3

28

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES DEMOCRATIC COMMITTEE BILL ANALYSIS

Bill No: HB1961 PN2470 Prepared By: Joseph Brett

Committee: Professional Licensure (717) 787-6882

Sponsor: Merski, Bob Executive Director: Kari Orchard

Date: 10/21/2025

A. Brief Concept

Authorizes Pennsylvania to join the PA Licensure Compact.

C. Analysis of the Bill

HB 1961 creates a freestanding act authorizing Pennsylvania to join the PA Licensure Compact for physician assistants (PAs) and sets forth the framework of the compact. The legislation mirrors the model PA Licensure Compact language developed by The Council of State Governments. States must adopt substantially similar language to participate.

Key Definitions

State Participation Requirements

To join the compact, a state must:

- 1. License and regulate physician assistants.
- 2. Participate in the Compact Commission's data system.
- 3. Maintain a complaint and investigative process for licensees.
- 4. Report disciplinary actions and significant investigative information to the Commission.
- 5. Implement fingerprint-based criminal background checks.
- 6. Require passage of a national licensing exam such as NCCPA or PANCE.
- 7. Grant compact privileges to qualifying licensees from other member states.

Compact Privileges

To obtain and maintain a Compact Privilege, a PA must:

- 1. Hold a current, unrestricted license and NCCPA certification.
- 2. Have no felony or misdemeanor convictions.
- 3. Have no controlled substance suspensions or revocations.
- 4. Have no active disciplinary restrictions (or be two years clear of any past ones).
- 5. Notify the Compact Commission of intent to practice in a remote state.
- 6. Meet each remote state's jurisprudence requirements and pay any fees.
- 7. Report any disciplinary actions in non-compact states within 30 days.

[&]quot;Participating State" means a state that enacts the compact.

[&]quot;License" means authorization by a state for a PA to provide medical services.

[&]quot;Compact Privilege" means the authorization for a PA licensed in one member state to practice in another.

[&]quot;Qualifying License" means an unrestricted PA license issued by a participating state.

[&]quot;Remote State" means a member state where a PA practices under a compact privilege rather than a state license.

[&]quot;Adverse Action" means a disciplinary measures such as suspension, revocation, or restriction of a license or privilege.

Privileges remain valid as long as the qualifying license is active. Loss, restriction, or revocation of the participating state license automatically suspends the privilege in all other states until the license is restored and two years have passed.

Adverse Actions

A participating state in which the PA is licensed has exclusive authority over their license. Remote states can take disciplinary action on the PA's privilege to practice within their borders and may issue subpoenas for investigations.

Compact states must share investigative and disciplinary information. A license suspension in one state deactivates all privileges for two years after reinstatement.

Compact Commission

The compact creates the PA Licensure Compact Commission, a joint governmental agency made up of one delegate from each participating state. The commissions powers and duties are as follows:

- · Adopt rules and bylaws.
- Manage a central data system for licensure and discipline.
- Levy state assessments and licensee fees to fund operations.
- Enforce compliance, oversee state participation, and conduct audits.
- · Conduct open meetings and issue annual reports.
- Establish an Executive Committee for interim governance and administration.

Commission members and staff are granted qualified immunity for official acts, and the Commission can sue or be sued only in the jurisdiction of its principal office.

Data System

The commission must maintain license status, disciplinary actions, and significant investigative data for all compact PAs. This data system shall be accessible to all member states for regulatory purposes. Information expunged under state or federal law must be removed upon notice.

Rulemaking and Enforcement

The Commission may promulgate binding rules for all member states. States can reject a rule by majority legislative vote within four years of adoption. Enforcement includes mediation, dispute resolution, and potential termination of noncompliant states. Legal actions involving the Commission must be filed in the U.S. District Court for D.C. or where the Commission's headquarters is located.

Effective Date:

This act shall take effect in 60 days.

G. Relevant Existing Laws

Pennsylvania currently licenses physician assistants under the Medical Practice Act of 1985.

Under this act, licensees are regulated by the State Board of Medicine and may practice in Pennsylvania under the supervision of a physician, in accordance with the scope of practice and delegation parameters defined in the act and board regulations.

Individuals wishing to practice in another state must obtain licensure in that jurisdiction. Likewise, applicants licensed in other states must apply for Pennsylvania licensure through endorsement and receive a state license before practicing as a physician assistant within the Commonwealth.

E. Prior Session (Previous Bill Numbers & House/Senate Votes)

This legislation was not introduced in prior sessions.

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THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

HOUSE BILL

No. 1961 Session of 2025

INTRODUCED BY MERSKI, BURNS, HILL-EVANS, HARKINS, KENYATTA, FRANKEL, HOHENSTEIN, SANCHEZ, SHUSTERMAN AND CURRY, OCTOBER 17, 2025

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON PROFESSIONAL LICENSURE, OCTOBER 17, 2025

AN ACT

- 1 Authorizing the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to join the PA
- Licensure Compact; providing for the form of the compact; and
- imposing additional powers and duties on the Governor, the
- Secretary of the Commonwealth and the PA Licensure Compact.
- 5 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
- 6 hereby enacts as follows:
- 7 Section 1. Short title.
- 8 This act shall be known and may be cited as the PA Licensure
- 9 Compact Act.
- 10 Section 2. Authority to execute compact.
- 11 The Governor of Pennsylvania, on behalf of this State, is
- 12 hereby authorized to execute a compact in substantially the
- 13 following form with any one or more of the states of the United
- 14 States and the General Assembly hereby signifies in advance its
- 15 approval and ratification of such compact:
- 16 PA LICENSURE COMPACT
- 17 Section 1. Purpose
- 18 In order to strengthen access to Medical Services, and in

- 1 recognition of the advances in the delivery of Medical Services,
- 2 the Participating States of the PA Licensure Compact have allied
- 3 in common purpose to develop a comprehensive process that
- 4 complements the existing authority of State Licensing Boards to
- 5 license and discipline PAs and seeks to enhance the portability
- 6 of a License to practice as a PA while safeguarding the safety
- 7 of patients. This Compact allows Medical Services to be provided
- 8 by PAs, via the mutual recognition of the Licensee's Qualifying
- 9 License by other Compact Participating States. This Compact also
- 10 adopts the prevailing standard for PA licensure and affirms that
- 11 the practice and delivery of Medical Services by the PA occurs
- 12 where the patient is located at the time of the patient
- 13 encounter, and therefore requires the PA to be under the
- 14 jurisdiction of the State Licensing Board where the patient is
- 15 located. State Licensing Boards that participate in this Compact
- 16 retain the jurisdiction to impose Adverse Action against a
- 17 Compact Privilege in that State issued to a PA through the
- 18 procedures of this Compact. The PA Licensure Compact will
- 19 alleviate burdens for military families by allowing active duty
- 20 military personnel and their spouses to obtain a Compact
- 21 Privilege based on having an unrestricted License in good
- 22 standing from a Participating State.
- 23 Section 2. Definitions
- 24 In this Compact:
- 25 A. "Adverse Action" means any administrative, civil,
- 26 equitable, or criminal action permitted by a State's laws which
- 27 is imposed by a Licensing Board or other authority against a PA
- 28 License or License application or Compact Privilege such as
- 29 License denial, censure, revocation, suspension, probation,
- 30 monitoring of the Licensee, or restriction on the Licensee's

- 1 practice.
- 2 B. "Compact Privilege" means the authorization granted by a
- 3 Remote State to allow a Licensee from another Participating
- 4 State to practice as a PA to provide Medical Services and other
- 5 licensed activity to a patient located in the Remote State under
- 6 the Remote State's laws and regulations.
- 7 C. "Conviction" means a finding by a court that an
- 8 individual is guilty of a felony or misdemeanor offense through
- 9 adjudication or entry of a plea of guilt or no contest to the
- 10 charge by the offender
- 11 D. "Criminal Background Check" means the submission of
- 12 fingerprints or other biometric-based information for a License
- 13 applicant for the purpose of obtaining that applicant's criminal
- 14 history record information, as defined in 28 C.F.R. § 20.3(d),
- 15 from the State's criminal history record repository as defined
- 16 in 28 C.F.R. § 20.3(f).
- 17 E. "Data System" means the repository of information about
- 18 Licensees, including but not limited to License status and
- 19 Adverse Actions, which is created and administered under the
- 20 terms of this Compact.
- 21 F. "Executive Committee" means a group of directors and ex-
- 22 officio individuals elected or appointed pursuant to Section
- 23 7.F.2.
- G. "Impaired Practitioner" means a PA whose practice is
- 25 adversely affected by health-related condition(s) that impact
- 26 their ability to practice.
- 27 H. "Investigative Information" means information, records,
- 28 or documents received or generated by a Licensing Board pursuant
- 29 to an investigation.
- 30 I. "Jurisprudence Requirement" means the assessment of an

- 1 individual's knowledge of the laws and Rules governing the
- 2 practice of a PA in a State.
- 3 J. "License" means current authorization by a State, other
- 4 than authorization pursuant to a Compact Privilege, for a PA to
- 5 provide Medical Services, which would be unlawful without
- 6 current authorization.
- 7 K. "Licensee" means an individual who holds a License from a
- 8 State to provide Medical Services as a PA.
- 9 L. "Licensing Board" means any State entity authorized to
- 10 license and otherwise regulate PAs.
- 11 M. "Medical Services" means health care services provided
- 12 for the diagnosis, prevention, treatment, cure or relief of a
- 13 health condition, injury, or disease, as defined by a State's
- 14 laws and regulations.
- 15 N. "Model Compact" means the model for the PA Licensure
- 16 Compact on file with The Council of State Governments or other
- 17 entity as designated by the Commission.
- 0. "Participating State" means a State that has enacted this
- 19 Compact.
- 20 P. "PA" means an individual who is licensed as a physician
- 21 assistant in a State. For purposes of this Compact, any other
- 22 title or status adopted by a State to replace the term
- 23 "physician assistant" shall be deemed synonymous with "physician
- 24 assistant" and shall confer the same rights and responsibilities
- 25 to the Licensee under the provisions of this Compact at the time
- 26 of its enactment.
- Q. "PA Licensure Compact Commission," "Compact Commission,"
- 28 or "Commission" mean the national administrative body created
- 29 pursuant to Section 7.A of this Compact.
- 30 R. "Qualifying License" means an unrestricted License issued

- 1 by a Participating State to provide Medical Services as a PA.
- 2 S. "Remote State" means a Participating State where a
- 3 Licensee who is not licensed as a PA is exercising or seeking to
- 4 exercise the Compact Privilege.
- 5 T. "Rule" means a regulation promulgated by an entity that
- 6 has the force and effect of law.
- 7 U. "Significant Investigative Information" means
- 8 Investigative Information that a Licensing Board, after an
- 9 inquiry or investigation that includes notification and an
- 10 opportunity for the PA to respond if required by State law, has
- 11 reason to believe is not groundless and, if proven true, would
- 12 indicate more than a minor infraction.
- 13 V. "State" means any state, commonwealth, district, or
- 14 territory of the United States.
- 15 Section 3. State Participation in this Compact
- 16 A. To participate in this Compact, a Participating State
- 17 shall:
- 18 1. License PAs.
- 2. Participate in the Compact Commission's Data System.
- 3. Have a mechanism in place for receiving and
- 21 investigating complaints against Licensees and License
- 22 applicants.
- 4. Notify the Commission, in compliance with the terms
- of this Compact and Commission Rules, of any Adverse Action
- 25 against a Licensee or License applicant and the existence of
- 26 Significant Investigative Information regarding a Licensee or
- 27 License applicant.
- 5. Fully implement a Criminal Background Check
- 29 requirement, within a time frame established by Commission
- Rule, by its Licensing Board receiving the results of a

- 1 Criminal Background Check and reporting to the Commission
- 2 whether the License applicant has been granted a License.
- 3 6. Comply with the Rules of the Compact Commission.
- 4 7. Utilize passage of a recognized national exam such as
- 5 the NCCPA PANCE as a requirement for PA licensure.
- 6 8. Grant the Compact Privilege to a holder of a
- 7 Qualifying License in a Participating State.
- 8 B. Nothing in this Compact prohibits a Participating State
- 9 from charging a fee for granting the Compact Privilege.
- 10 Section 4. Compact Privilege
- 11 A. To exercise the Compact Privilege, a Licensee must:
- 1. Have graduated from a PA program accredited by the
- 13 Accreditation Review Commission on Education for the
- 14 Physician Assistant, Inc. or other programs authorized by
- 15 Commission Rule.
- 16 2. Hold current NCCPA certification.
- 17 3. Have no felony or misdemeanor Conviction.
- 18 4. Have never had a controlled substance license,
- 19 permit, or registration suspended or revoked by a State or by
- 20 the United States Drug Enforcement Administration.
- 21 5. Have a unique identifier as determined by Commission
- 22 Rule.
- 23 6. Hold a Qualifying License.
- 7. Have had no revocation of a License or limitation or
- restriction on any License currently held due to an adverse
- 26 action.
- 8. If a Licensee has had a limitation or restriction on
- 28 a License or Compact Privilege due to an Adverse Action, two
- 29 years must have elapsed from the date on which the License or
- 30 Compact Privilege is no longer limited or restricted due to

- 1 the Adverse Action.
- 2 9. If a Compact Privilege has been revoked or is limited
- 3 or restricted in a Participating State for conduct that would
- 4 not be a basis for disciplinary action in a Participating
- 5 State in which the Licensee is practicing or applying to
- 6 practice under a Compact Privilege, that Participating State
- 7 shall have the discretion not to consider such action as an
- 8 Adverse Action requiring the denial or removal of a Compact
- 9 Privilege in that State.
- 10. Notify the Compact Commission that the Licensee is
- 11 seeking the Compact Privilege in a Remote State.
- 12 11. Meet any Jurisprudence Requirement of a Remote State
- in which the Licensee is seeking to practice under the
- 14 Compact Privilege and pay any fees applicable to satisfying
- the Jurisprudence Requirement.
- 16 12. Report to the Commission any Adverse Action taken by
- a non-participating State within thirty (30) days after the
- 18 action is taken.
- 19 B. The Compact Privilege is valid until the expiration or
- 20 revocation of the Qualifying License unless terminated pursuant
- 21 to an Adverse Action. The Licensee must also comply with all of
- 22 the requirements of Subsection A above to maintain the Compact
- 23 Privilege in a Remote State. If the Participating State takes
- 24 Adverse Action against a Qualifying License, the Licensee shall
- 25 lose the Compact Privilege in any Remote State in which the
- 26 Licensee has a Compact Privilege until all of the following
- 27 occur:
- 28 1. The License is no longer limited or restricted; and
- 29 2. Two (2) years have elapsed from the date on which the
- 30 License is no longer limited or restricted due to the Adverse

- 1 Action.
- 2 C. Once a restricted or limited License satisfies the
- 3 requirements of Subsection B.1 and 2, the Licensee must meet the
- 4 requirements of Subsection A to obtain a Compact Privilege in
- 5 any Remote State.
- 6 D. For each Remote State in which a PA seeks authority to
- 7 prescribe controlled substances, the PA shall satisfy all
- 8 requirements imposed by such State in granting or renewing such
- 9 authority.
- 10 Section 5. Designation of the State from Which Licensee is
- 11 Applying for a Compact Privilege
- 12 A. Upon a Licensee's application for a Compact Privilege,
- 13 the Licensee shall identify to the Commission the Participating
- 14 State from which the Licensee is applying, in accordance with
- 15 applicable Rules adopted by the Commission, and subject to the
- 16 following requirements:
- 1. When applying for a Compact Privilege, the Licensee
- 18 shall provide the Commission with the address of the
- 19 Licensee's primary residence and thereafter shall immediately
- 20 report to the Commission any change in the address of the
- 21 Licensee's primary residence.
- 22 2. When applying for a Compact Privilege, the Licensee
- is required to consent to accept service of process by mail
- 24 at the Licensee's primary residence on file with the
- 25 Commission with respect to any action brought against the
- 26 Licensee by the Commission or a Participating State,
- including a subpoena, with respect to any action brought or
- investigation conducted by the Commission or a Participating
- 29 State.
- 30 Section 6. Adverse Actions

- 1 A. A Participating State in which a Licensee is licensed
- 2 shall have exclusive power to impose Adverse Action against the
- 3 Qualifying License issued by that Participating State.
- B. In addition to the other powers conferred by State law, a
- 5 Remote State shall have the authority, in accordance with
- 6 existing State due process law, to do all of the following:
- 7 1. Take Adverse Action against a PA's Compact Privilege
- 8 within that State to remove a Licensee's Compact Privilege or
- 9 take other action necessary under applicable law to protect
- 10 the health and safety of its citizens.
- 11 2. Issue subpoenas for both hearings and investigations
- 12 that require the attendance and testimony of witnesses as
- well as the production of evidence. Subpoenas issued by a
- 14 Licensing Board in a Participating State for the attendance
- and testimony of witnesses or the production of evidence from
- 16 another Participating State shall be enforced in the latter
- 17 State by any court of competent jurisdiction, according to
- 18 the practice and procedure of that court applicable to
- subpoenas issued in proceedings pending before it. The
- issuing authority shall pay any witness fees, travel
- 21 expenses, mileage and other fees required by the service
- statutes of the State in which the witnesses or evidence are
- located.
- 3. Notwithstanding paragraph 2, subpoenas may not be
- issued by a Participating State to gather evidence of conduct
- in another State that is lawful in that other State for the
- 27 purpose of taking Adverse Action against a Licensee's Compact
- 28 Privilege or application for a Compact Privilege in that
- 29 Participating State.
- 30 4. Nothing in this Compact authorizes a Participating

- 1 State to impose discipline against a PA's Compact Privilege
- 2 or to deny an application for a Compact Privilege in that
- 3 Participating State for the individual's otherwise lawful
- 4 practice in another State.
- 5 C. For purposes of taking Adverse Action, the Participating
- 6 State which issued the Qualifying License shall give the same
- 7 priority and effect to reported conduct received from any other
- 8 Participating State as it would if the conduct had occurred
- 9 within the Participating State which issued the Qualifying
- 10 License. In so doing, that Participating State shall apply its
- 11 own State laws to determine appropriate action.
- D. A Participating State, if otherwise permitted by State
- 13 law, may recover from the affected PA the costs of
- 14 investigations and disposition of cases resulting from any
- 15 Adverse Action taken against that PA.
- 16 E. A Participating State may take Adverse Action based on
- 17 the factual findings of a Remote State, provided that the
- 18 Participating State follows its own procedures for taking the
- 19 Adverse Action.
- 20 F. Joint Investigations
- 21 1. In addition to the authority granted to a
- 22 Participating State by its respective State PA laws and
- regulations or other applicable State law, any Participating
- 24 State may participate with other Participating States in
- joint investigations of Licensees.
- 2. Participating States shall share any investigative,
- 27 litigation, or compliance materials in furtherance of any
- joint or individual investigation initiated under this
- 29 Compact.
- 30 G. If an Adverse Action is taken against a PA's Qualifying

- 1 License, the PA's Compact Privilege in all Remote States shall
- 2 be deactivated until two (2) years have elapsed after all
- 3 restrictions have been removed from the State License. All
- 4 disciplinary orders by the Participating State which issued the
- 5 Qualifying License that impose Adverse Action against a PA's
- 6 License shall include a Statement that the PA's Compact
- 7 Privilege is deactivated in all Participating States during the
- 8 pendency of the order.
- 9 H. If any Participating State takes Adverse Action, it
- 10 promptly shall notify the administrator of the Data System.
- 11 Section 7. Establishment of the PA Licensure Compact Commission
- 12 A. The Participating States hereby create and establish a
- 13 joint government agency and national administrative body known
- 14 as the PA Licensure Compact Commission. The Commission is an
- 15 instrumentality of the Compact States acting jointly and not an
- 16 instrumentality of any one State. The Commission shall come into
- 17 existence on or after the effective date of the Compact as set
- 18 forth in Section 11.A.
- 19 B. Membership, Voting, and Meetings
- 20 1. Each Participating State shall have and be limited to
- 21 one (1) delegate selected by that Participating State's
- Licensing Board or, if the State has more than one Licensing
- Board, selected collectively by the Participating State's
- 24 Licensing Boards.
- 25 2. The delegate shall be either:
- a. A current PA, physician or public member of a
- 27 Licensing Board or PA Council/Committee; or
- b. An administrator of a Licensing Board.
- 29 3. Any delegate may be removed or suspended from office
- 30 as provided by the laws of the State from which the delegate

- 1 is appointed.
- 2 4. The Participating State Licensing Board shall fill
- 3 any vacancy occurring in the Commission within sixty (60)
- 4 days.
- 5. Each delegate shall be entitled to one (1) vote on
- 6 all matters voted on by the Commission and shall otherwise
- 7 have an opportunity to participate in the business and
- 8 affairs of the Commission. A delegate shall vote in person or
- 9 by such other means as provided in the bylaws. The bylaws may
- 10 provide for delegates' participation in meetings by
- 11 telecommunications, video conference, or other means of
- 12 communication.
- 13 6. The Commission shall meet at least once during each
- 14 calendar year. Additional meetings shall be held as set forth
- in this Compact and the bylaws.
- 7. The Commission shall establish by Rule a term of
- 17 office for delegates.
- 18 C. The Commission shall have the following powers and
- 19 duties:
- 20 1. Establish a code of ethics for the Commission;
- 2. Establish the fiscal year of the Commission;
- 22 3. Establish fees;
- 4. Establish bylaws;
- 5. Maintain its financial records in accordance with the
- 25 bylaws;
- 26 6. Meet and take such actions as are consistent with the
- 27 provisions of this Compact and the bylaws;
- 28 7. Promulgate Rules to facilitate and coordinate
- 29 implementation and administration of this Compact. The Rules
- 30 shall have the force and effect of law and shall be binding

- in all Participating States;
- 2 8. Bring and prosecute legal proceedings or actions in
- 3 the name of the Commission, provided that the standing of any
- 4 State Licensing Board to sue or be sued under applicable law
- 5 shall not be affected;
- 9. Purchase and maintain insurance and bonds;
- 7 10. Borrow, accept, or contract for services of
- 8 personnel, including, but not limited to, employees of a
- 9 Participating State;
- 10 11. Hire employees and engage contractors, elect or
- 11 appoint officers, fix compensation, define duties, grant such
- individuals appropriate authority to carry out the purposes
- of this Compact, and establish the Commission's personnel
- 14 policies and programs relating to conflicts of interest,
- qualifications of personnel, and other related personnel
- 16 matters;
- 17 12. Accept any and all appropriate donations and grants
- 18 of money, equipment, supplies, materials and services, and
- 19 receive, utilize and dispose of the same; provided that at
- 20 all times the Commission shall avoid any appearance of
- 21 impropriety or conflict of interest;
- 22 13. Lease, purchase, accept appropriate gifts or
- donations of, or otherwise own, hold, improve or use, any
- property, real, personal or mixed; provided that at all times
- 25 the Commission shall avoid any appearance of impropriety;
- 26 14. Sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange,
- abandon, or otherwise dispose of any property real, personal,
- 28 or mixed;
- 29 15. Establish a budget and make expenditures;
- 30 16. Borrow money;

- 1 17. Appoint committees, including standing committees
- 2 composed of members, State regulators, State legislators or
- 3 their representatives, and consumer representatives, and such
- 4 other interested persons as may be designated in this Compact
- 5 and the bylaws;
- 6 18. Provide and receive information from, and cooperate
- 7 with, law enforcement agencies;
- 8 19. Elect a Chair, Vice Chair, Secretary and Treasurer
- 9 and such other officers of the Commission as provided in the
- 10 Commission's bylaws.
- 11 20. Reserve for itself, in addition to those reserved
- 12 exclusively to the Commission under the Compact, powers that
- 13 the Executive Committee may not exercise;
- 14 21. Approve or disapprove a State's participation in the
- 15 Compact based upon its determination as to whether the
- State's Compact legislation departs in a material manner from
- 17 the Model Compact language;
- 18 22. Prepare and provide to the Participating States an
- 19 annual report; and
- 20 23. Perform such other functions as may be necessary or
- 21 appropriate to achieve the purposes of this Compact
- 22 consistent with the State regulation of PA licensure and
- 23 practice.
- D. Meetings of the Commission
- 25 1. All meetings of the Commission that are not closed
- 26 pursuant to this subsection shall be open to the public.
- Notice of public meetings shall be posted on the Commission's
- 28 website at least thirty (30) days prior to the public
- 29 meeting.
- 30 2. Notwithstanding subsection D.1 of this section, the

- 1 Commission may convene a public meeting by providing at least
- 2 twenty-four (24) hours prior notice on the Commission's
- 3 website, and any other means as provided in the Commission's
- 4 Rules, for any of the reasons it may dispense with notice of
- 5 proposed rulemaking under Section 9.L.
- 6 3. The Commission may convene in a closed, non-public
- 7 meeting or non-public part of a public meeting to receive
- 8 legal advice or to discuss:
- 9 a. Non-compliance of a Participating State with its
- 10 obligations under this Compact;
- 11 b. The employment, compensation, discipline or other
- 12 matters, practices or procedures related to specific
- employees or other matters related to the Commission's
- internal personnel practices and procedures;
- 15 c. Current, threatened, or reasonably anticipated
- 16 litigation;
- 17 d. Negotiation of contracts for the purchase, lease,
- or sale of goods, services, or real estate;
- 19 e. Accusing any person of a crime or formally
- 20 censuring any person;
- 21 f. Disclosure of trade secrets or commercial or
- 22 financial information that is privileged or confidential;
- g. Disclosure of information of a personal nature
- 24 where disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted
- invasion of personal privacy;
- 26 h. Disclosure of investigative records compiled for
- law enforcement purposes;
- i. Disclosure of information related to any
- investigative reports prepared by or on behalf of or for
- 30 use of the Commission or other committee charged with

- responsibility of investigation or determination of compliance issues pursuant to this Compact;
- j. Legal advice; or
- 4 k. Matters specifically exempted from disclosure by
 5 federal or Participating States' statutes.
- 4. If a meeting, or portion of a meeting, is closed
 pursuant to this provision, the chair of the meeting or the
 chair's designee shall certify that the meeting or portion of
 the meeting may be closed and shall reference each relevant
 exempting provision.
- The Commission shall keep minutes that fully and 11 12 clearly describe all matters discussed in a meeting and shall 13 provide a full and accurate summary of actions taken, 14 including a description of the views expressed. All documents 15 considered in connection with an action shall be identified in such minutes. All minutes and documents of a closed 16 17 meeting shall remain under seal, subject to release by a 18 majority vote of the Commission or order of a court of 19 competent jurisdiction.
- 20 E. Financing of the Commission
- 1. The Commission shall pay, or provide for the payment of, the reasonable expenses of its establishment, organization, and ongoing activities.
- 2. The Commission may accept any and all appropriate 25 revenue sources, donations, and grants of money, equipment, 26 supplies, materials, and services.
- 3. The Commission may levy on and collect an annual assessment from each Participating State and may impose
 Compact Privilege fees on Licensees of Participating States to whom a Compact Privilege is granted to cover the cost of

- the operations and activities of the Commission and its

 staff, which must be in a total amount sufficient to cover

 its annual budget as approved by the Commission each year for

 which revenue is not provided by other sources. The aggregate

 annual assessment amount levied on Participating States shall

 be allocated based upon a formula to be determined by

 Commission Rule.
 - a. A Compact Privilege expires when the Licensee's Qualifying License in the Participating State from which the Licensee applied for the Compact Privilege expires.
 - b. If the Licensee terminates the Qualifying License through which the Licensee applied for the Compact Privilege before its scheduled expiration, and the Licensee has a Qualifying License in another Participating State, the Licensee shall inform the Commission that it is changing to that Participating State the Participating State through which it applies for a Compact Privilege and pay to the Commission any Compact Privilege fee required by Commission Rule.
 - 4. The Commission shall not incur obligations of any kind prior to securing the funds adequate to meet the same; nor shall the Commission pledge the credit of any of the Participating States, except by and with the authority of the Participating State.
 - 5. The Commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and disbursements. The receipts and disbursements of the Commission shall be subject to the financial review and accounting procedures established under its bylaws. All receipts and disbursements of funds handled by the Commission shall be subject to an annual financial review by a certified

- or licensed public accountant, and the report of the
- 2 financial review shall be included in and become part of the
- 3 annual report of the Commission.
- 4 F. The Executive Committee
- 5 1. The Executive Committee shall have the power to act
- on behalf of the Commission according to the terms of this
- 7 Compact and Commission Rules.
- 8 2. The Executive Committee shall be composed of nine (9)
- 9 members:
- 10 a. Seven voting members who are elected by the
- 11 Commission from the current membership of the Commission;
- b. One ex-officio, nonvoting member from a
- 13 recognized national PA professional association; and
- 14 c. One ex-officio, nonvoting member from a
- 15 recognized national PA certification organization.
- 16 3. The ex-officio members will be selected by their
- 17 respective organizations.
- 18 4. The Commission may remove any member of the Executive
- 19 Committee as provided in its bylaws.
- 5. The Executive Committee shall meet at least annually.
- 21 6. The Executive Committee shall have the following
- 22 duties and responsibilities:
- a. Recommend to the Commission changes to the
- Commission's Rules or bylaws, changes to this Compact
- legislation, fees to be paid by Compact Participating
- 26 States such as annual dues, and any Commission Compact
- 27 fee charged to Licensees for the Compact Privilege;
- 28 b. Ensure Compact administration services are
- appropriately provided, contractual or otherwise;
- 30 c. Prepare and recommend the budget;

- d. Maintain financial records on behalf of the Commission;
 - e. Monitor Compact compliance of Participating
 States and provide compliance reports to the Commission;
 - f. Establish additional committees as necessary;
 - g. Exercise the powers and duties of the Commission during the interim between Commission meetings, except for issuing proposed rulemaking or adopting Commission Rules or bylaws, or exercising any other powers and duties exclusively reserved to the Commission by the Commission's Rules; and
 - h. Perform other duties as provided in the Commission's Rules or bylaws.
 - 7. All meeting of the Executive Committee at which it votes or plans to vote on matters in exercising the powers and duties of the Commission shall be open to the public and public notice of such meetings shall be given as public meetings of the Commission are given.
- 98. The Executive Committee may convene in a closed, non-public meeting for the same reasons that the Commission may convene in a non-public meeting as set forth in Section 7.D 3 and shall announce the closed meeting as the Commission is required to under Section 7.D.4 and keep minutes of the closed meeting as the Commission is required to under Section 7.D.5.
- 26 G. Qualified Immunity, Defense, and Indemnification
- 1. The members, officers, executive director, employees
 and representatives of the Commission shall be immune from
 suit and liability, both personally and in their official
 capacity, for any claim for damage to or loss of property or

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- 1 personal injury or other civil liability caused by or arising
- 2 out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that
- 3 occurred, or that the person against whom the claim is made
- 4 had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the
- 5 scope of Commission employment, duties or responsibilities;
- 6 provided that nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to
- 7 protect any such person from suit or liability for any
- 8 damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by the intentional
- 9 or willful or wanton misconduct of that person. The
- 10 procurement of insurance of any type by the Commission shall
- 11 not in any way compromise or limit the immunity granted
- 12 hereunder.
- 13 2. The Commission shall defend any member, officer,
- 14 executive director, employee, and representative of the
- 15 Commission in any civil action seeking to impose liability
- arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission
- 17 that occurred within the scope of Commission employment,
- 18 duties, or responsibilities, or as determined by the
- commission that the person against whom the claim is made had
- a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of
- 21 Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided
- that nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit that
- 23 person from retaining their own counsel at their own expense;
- and provided further, that the actual or alleged act, error,
- or omission did not result from that person's intentional or
- 26 willful or wanton misconduct.
- 27 3. The Commission shall indemnify and hold harmless any
- 28 member, officer, executive director, employee, and
- 29 representative of the Commission for the amount of any
- 30 settlement or judgment obtained against that person arising

- 1 out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that
- 2 occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties,
- or responsibilities, or that such person had a reasonable
- 4 basis for believing occurred within the scope of Commission
- 5 employment, duties, or responsibilities, provided that the
- 6 actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from
- 7 the intentional or willful or wanton misconduct of that
- 8 person.
- 9 4. Venue is proper and judicial proceedings by or
- against the Commission shall be brought solely and
- 11 exclusively in a court of competent jurisdiction where the
- principal office of the Commission is located. The Commission
- may waive venue and jurisdictional defenses in any
- proceedings as authorized by Commission Rules.
- 15 5. Nothing herein shall be construed as a limitation on
- the liability of any Licensee for professional malpractice or
- misconduct, which shall be governed solely by any other
- 18 applicable State laws.
- 19 6. Nothing herein shall be construed to designate the
- venue or jurisdiction to bring actions for alleged acts of
- 21 malpractice, professional misconduct, negligence, or other
- such civil action pertaining to the practice of a PA. All
- 23 such matters shall be determined exclusively by State law
- 24 other than this Compact.
- 7. Nothing in this Compact shall be interpreted to waive
- or otherwise abrogate a Participating State's state action
- immunity or state action affirmative defense with respect to
- antitrust claims under the Sherman Act, Clayton Act, or any
- 29 other State or federal antitrust or anticompetitive law or
- 30 regulation.

- 1 8. Nothing in this Compact shall be construed to be a
- 2 waiver of sovereign immunity by the Participating States or
- 3 by the Commission.
- 4 Section 8. Data System
- 5 A. The Commission shall provide for the development,
- 6 maintenance, operation, and utilization of a coordinated data
- 7 and reporting system containing licensure, Adverse Action, and
- 8 the reporting of the existence of Significant Investigative
- 9 Information on all licensed PAs and applicants denied a License
- 10 in Participating States.
- 11 B. Notwithstanding any other State law to the contrary, a
- 12 Participating State shall submit a uniform data set to the Data
- 13 System on all PAs to whom this Compact is applicable (utilizing
- 14 a unique identifier) as required by the Rules of the Commission,
- 15 including:
- 1. Identifying information;
- 17 2. Licensure data;
- 18 3. Adverse Actions against a License or Compact
- 19 Privilege;
- 4. Any denial of application for licensure, and the
- 21 reason(s) for such denial (excluding the reporting of any
- 22 Criminal history record information where prohibited by law);
- 23 5. The existence of Significant Investigative
- 24 Information; and
- 25 6. Other information that may facilitate the
- administration of this Compact, as determined by the Rules of
- the Commission.
- 28 C. Significant Investigative Information pertaining to a
- 29 Licensee in any Participating State shall only be available to
- 30 other Participating States.

- 1 D. The Commission shall promptly notify all Participating
- 2 States of any Adverse Action taken against a Licensee or an
- 3 individual applying for a License that has been reported to it.
- 4 This Adverse Action information shall be available to any other
- 5 Participating State.
- 6 E. Participating States contributing information to the Data
- 7 System may, in accordance with State or federal law, designate
- 8 information that may not be shared with the public without the
- 9 express permission of the contributing State. Notwithstanding
- 10 any such designation, such information shall be reported to the
- 11 Commission through the Data System.
- 12 F. Any information submitted to the Data System that is
- 13 subsequently expunded pursuant to federal law or the laws of the
- 14 Participating State contributing the information shall be
- 15 removed from the Data System upon reporting of such by the
- 16 Participating State to the Commission.
- 17 G. The records and information provided to a Participating
- 18 State pursuant to this Compact or through the Data System, when
- 19 certified by the Commission or an agent thereof, shall
- 20 constitute the authenticated business records of the Commission,
- 21 and shall be entitled to any associated hearsay exception in any
- 22 relevant judicial, quasi-judicial or administrative proceedings
- 23 in a Participating State.
- 24 Section 9. Rulemaking
- 25 A. The Commission shall exercise its Rulemaking powers
- 26 pursuant to the criteria set forth in this Section and the Rules
- 27 adopted thereunder. Commission Rules shall become binding as of
- 28 the date specified by the Commission for each Rule.
- 29 B. The Commission shall promulgate reasonable Rules in order
- 30 to effectively and efficiently implement and administer this

- 1 Compact and achieve its purposes. A Commission Rule shall be
- 2 invalid and have not force or effect only if a court of
- 3 competent jurisdiction holds that the Rule is invalid because
- 4 the Commission exercised its rulemaking authority in a manner
- 5 that is beyond the scope of the purposes of this Compact, or the
- 6 powers granted hereunder, or based upon another applicable
- 7 standard of review.
- 8 C. The Rules of the Commission shall have the force of law
- 9 in each Participating State, provided however that where the
- 10 Rules of the Commission conflict with the laws of the
- 11 Participating State that establish the medical services a PA may
- 12 perform in the Participating State, as held by a court of
- 13 competent jurisdiction, the Rules of the Commission shall be
- 14 ineffective in that State to the extent of the conflict.
- D. If a majority of the legislatures of the Participating
- 16 States rejects a Commission Rule, by enactment of a statute or
- 17 resolution in the same manner used to adopt this Compact within
- 18 four (4) years of the date of adoption of the Rule, then such
- 19 Rule shall have no further force and effect in any Participating
- 20 State or to any State applying to participate in the Compact.
- 21 E. Commission Rules shall be adopted at a regular or special
- 22 meeting of the Commission.
- 23 F. Prior to promulgation and adoption of a final Rule or
- 24 Rules by the Commission, and at least thirty (30) days in
- 25 advance of the meeting at which the Rule will be considered and
- 26 voted upon, the Commission shall file a Notice of Proposed
- 27 Rulemaking:
- 28 1. On the website of the Commission or other publicly
- 29 accessible platform; and
- 30 2. To persons who have requested notice of the

- 1 Commission's notices of proposed rulemaking, and
- 2 3. In such other way(s) as the Commission may by Rule
- 3 specify.
- 4 G. The Notice of Proposed Rulemaking shall include:
- 5 1. The time, date, and location of the public hearing on
- 6 the proposed Rule and the proposed time, date and location of
- 7 the meeting in which the proposed Rule will be considered and
- 8 voted upon;
- 9 2. The text of the proposed Rule and the reason for the
- 10 proposed Rule;
- 3. A request for comments on the proposed Rule from any
- interested person and the date by which written comments must
- 13 be received; and
- 14 4. The manner in which interested persons may submit
- notice to the Commission of their intention to attend the
- public hearing or provide any written comments.
- 17 H. Prior to adoption of a proposed Rule, the Commission
- 18 shall allow persons to submit written data, facts, opinions, and
- 19 arguments, which shall be made available to the public.
- 20 I. If the hearing is to be held via electronic means, the
- 21 Commission shall publish the mechanism for access to the
- 22 electronic hearing.
- 23 1. All persons wishing to be heard at the hearing shall
- as directed in the Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, not less
- 25 than five (5) business days before the scheduled date of the
- hearing, notify the Commission of their desire to appear and
- 27 testify at the hearing.
- 28 2. Hearings shall be conducted in a manner providing
- 29 each person who wishes to comment a fair and reasonable
- 30 opportunity to comment orally or in writing.

- 1 3. All hearings shall be recorded. A copy of the
- 2 recording and the written comments, data, facts, opinions,
- and arguments received in response to the proposed rulemaking
- 4 shall be made available to a person upon request.
- 5 4. Nothing in this section shall be construed as
- 6 requiring a separate hearing on each proposed Rule. Proposed
- 7 Rules may be grouped for the convenience of the Commission at
- 8 hearings required by this section.
- 9 J. Following the public hearing the Commission shall
- 10 consider all written and oral comments timely received.
- 11 K. The Commission shall, by majority vote of all delegates,
- 12 take final action on the proposed Rule and shall determine the
- 13 effective date of the Rule, if adopted, based on the Rulemaking
- 14 record and the full text of the Rule.
- 1. If adopted, the Rule shall be posted on the
- 16 Commission's website.
- 17 2. The Commission may adopt changes to the proposed Rule
- 18 provided the changes do not enlarge the original purpose of
- 19 the proposed Rule.
- 20 3. The Commission shall provide on its website an
- 21 explanation of the reasons for substantive changes made to
- the proposed Rule as well as reasons for substantive changes
- not made that were recommended by commenters.
- 4. The Commission shall determine a reasonable effective
- date for the Rule. Except for an emergency as provided in
- 26 subsection L, the effective date of the Rule shall be no
- sooner than thirty (30) days after the Commission issued the
- 28 notice that it adopted the Rule.
- 29 L. Upon determination that an emergency exists, the
- 30 Commission may consider and adopt an emergency Rule with twenty-

- 1 four (24) hours prior notice, without the opportunity for
- 2 comment, or hearing, provided that the usual rulemaking
- 3 procedures provided in this Compact and in this section shall be
- 4 retroactively applied to the Rule as soon as reasonably
- 5 possible, in no event later than ninety (90) days after the
- 6 effective date of the Rule. For the purposes of this provision,
- 7 an emergency Rule is one that must be adopted immediately by the
- 8 Commission in order to:
- 9 1. Meet an imminent threat to public health, safety, or
- 10 welfare;
- 11 2. Prevent a loss of Commission or Participating State
- 12 funds;
- 3. Meet a deadline for the promulgation of a Commission
- Rule that is established by federal law or Rule; or
- 15 4. Protect public health and safety.
- 16 M. The Commission or an authorized committee of the
- 17 Commission may direct revisions to a previously adopted
- 18 Commission Rule for purposes of correcting typographical errors,
- 19 errors in format, errors in consistency, or grammatical errors.
- 20 Public notice of any revisions shall be posted on the website of
- 21 the Commission. The revision shall be subject to challenge by
- 22 any person for a period of thirty (30) days after posting. The
- 23 revision may be challenged only on grounds that the revision
- 24 results in a material change to a Rule. A challenge shall be
- 25 made as set forth in the notice of revisions and delivered to
- 26 the Commission prior to the end of the notice period. If no
- 27 challenge is made, the revision will take effect without further
- 28 action. If the revision is challenged, the revision may not take
- 29 effect without the approval of the Commission.
- N. No Participating State's rulemaking requirements shall

- 1 apply under this Compact.
- 2 Section 10. Oversight, Dispute Resolution, and Enforcement
- 3 A. Oversight
- 1. The executive and judicial branches of State
- 5 government in each Participating State shall enforce this
- 6 Compact and take all actions necessary and appropriate to
- 7 implement the Compact.
- 8 2. Venue is proper and judicial proceedings by or
- 9 against the Commission shall be brought solely and
- 10 exclusively in a court of competent jurisdiction where the
- 11 principal office of the Commission is located. The Commission
- may waive venue and jurisdictional defenses to the extent it
- adopts or consents to participate in alternative dispute
- 14 resolution proceedings. Nothing herein shall affect or limit
- the selection or propriety of venue in any action against a
- licensee for professional malpractice, misconduct or any such
- 17 similar matter.
- 18 3. The Commission shall be entitled to receive service
- of process in any proceeding regarding the enforcement or
- interpretation of the Compact or the Commission's Rules and
- 21 shall have standing to intervene in such a proceeding for all
- 22 purposes. Failure to provide the Commission with service of
- process shall render a judgment or order in such proceeding
- void as to the Commission, this Compact, or Commission Rules.
- B. Default, Technical Assistance, and Termination
- 26 1. If the Commission determines that a Participating
- 27 State has defaulted in the performance of its obligations or
- responsibilities under this Compact or the Commission Rules,
- 29 the Commission shall provide written notice to the defaulting
- 30 State and other Participating States. The notice shall

- describe the default, the proposed means of curing the
 default and any other action that the Commission may take and
 shall offer remedial training and specific technical
 assistance regarding the default.
 - 2. If a State in default fails to cure the default, the defaulting State may be terminated from this Compact upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the delegates of the Participating States, and all rights, privileges and benefits conferred by this Compact upon such State may be terminated on the effective date of termination. A cure of the default does not relieve the offending State of obligations or liabilities incurred during the period of default.
 - 3. Termination of participation in this Compact shall be imposed only after all other means of securing compliance have been exhausted. Notice of intent to suspend or terminate shall be given by the Commission to the governor, the majority and minority leaders of the defaulting State's legislature, and to the Licensing Board(s) of each of the Participating States.
 - 4. A State that has been terminated is responsible for all assessments, obligations, and liabilities incurred through the effective date of termination, including obligations that extend beyond the effective date of termination.
 - 5. The Commission shall not bear any costs related to a State that is found to be in default or that has been terminated from this Compact, unless agreed upon in writing between the Commission and the defaulting State.
- 29 6. The defaulting State may appeal its termination from 30 the Compact by the Commission by petitioning the U.S.

- 1 District Court for the District of Columbia or the federal
- 2 district where the Commission has its principal offices. The
- 3 prevailing member shall be awarded all costs of such
- 4 litigation, including reasonable attorney's fees.
- 7. Upon the termination of a State's participation in the Compact, the State shall immediately provide notice to
- 7 all Licensees within that State of such termination:
- a. Licensees who have been granted a Compact

 Privilege in that State shall retain the Compact

 Privilege for one hundred eighty (180) days following the
- 11 effective date of such termination.
- b. Licensees who are licensed in that State who have
 been granted a Compact Privilege in a Participating State
 shall retain the Compact Privilege for one hundred eighty
 (180) days unless the Licensee also has a Qualifying
 License in a Participating State or obtains a Qualifying
 License in a Participating State before the one hundred
 eighty (180)-day period ends, in which case the Compact
- 20 C. Dispute Resolution

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- 1. Upon request by a Participating State, the Commission shall attempt to resolve disputes related to this Compact that arise among Participating States and between
- 24 participating and non-Participating States.

Privilege shall continue.

- 25 2. The Commission shall promulgate a Rule providing for 26 both mediation and binding dispute resolution for disputes as 27 appropriate.
- 28 D. Enforcement
- 1. The Commission, in the reasonable exercise of its discretion, shall enforce the provisions of this Compact and

- 1 Rules of the Commission.
- 2 2. If compliance is not secured after all means to
- 3 secure compliance have been exhausted, by majority vote, the
- 4 Commission may initiate legal action in the United States
- 5 District Court for the District of Columbia or the federal
- 6 district where the Commission has its principal offices,
- 7 against a Participating State in default to enforce
- 8 compliance with the provisions of this Compact and the
- 9 Commission's promulgated Rules and bylaws. The relief sought
- 10 may include both injunctive relief and damages. In the event
- judicial enforcement is necessary, the prevailing party shall
- 12 be awarded all costs of such litigation, including reasonable
- 13 attorney's fees.
- 3. The remedies herein shall not be the exclusive
- remedies of the Commission. The Commission may pursue any
- other remedies available under federal or State law.
- 17 E. Legal Action Against the Commission
- 1. A Participating State may initiate legal action
- against the Commission in the U.S. District Court for the
- 20 District of Columbia or the federal district where the
- 21 Commission has its principal offices to enforce compliance
- 22 with the provisions of the Compact and its Rules. The relief
- sought may include both injunctive relief and damages. In the
- event judicial enforcement is necessary, the prevailing party
- shall be awarded all costs of such litigation, including
- reasonable attorney's fees.
- 27 2. No person other than a Participating State shall
- enforce this Compact against the Commission.
- 29 Section 11. Date of Implementation of the PA Licensure Compact
- 30 Commission

- 1 A. This Compact shall come into effect on the date on which
- 2 this Compact statute is enacted into law in the seventh
- 3 Participating State.
- 1. On or after the effective date of the Compact, the
- 5 Commission shall convene and review the enactment of each of
- 6 the States that enacted the Compact prior to the Commission
- 7 convening ("Charter Participating States") to determine if
- 8 the statute enacted by each such Charter Participating State
- 9 is materially different than the Model Compact.
- 10 a. A Charter Participating State whose enactment is
- found to be materially different from the Model Compact
- shall be entitled to the default process set forth in
- 13 Section 10.B.
- b. If any Participating State later withdraws from
- 15 the Compact or its participation is terminated, the
- 16 Commission shall remain in existence and the Compact
- 17 shall remain in effect even if the number of
- 18 Participating States should be less than seven.
- 19 Participating States enacting the Compact subsequent to
- the Commission convening shall be subject to the process
- 21 set forth in Section 7.C.21 to determine if their
- 22 enactments are materially different from the Model
- Compact and whether they qualify for participation in the
- 24 Compact.
- 25 2. Participating States enacting the Compact subsequent
- 26 to the seven initial Charter Participating States shall be
- subject to the process set forth in Section 7.C.21 to
- determine if their enactments are materially different from
- the Model Compact and whether they qualify for participation
- in the Compact.

- 1 3. All actions taken for the benefit of the Commission
- or in furtherance of the purposes of the administration of
- 3 the Compact prior to the effective date of the Compact or the
- 4 Commission coming into existence shall be considered to be
- 5 actions of the Commission unless specifically repudiated by
- 6 the Commission.
- 7 B. Any State that joins this Compact shall be subject to the
- 8 Commission's Rules and bylaws as they exist on the date on which
- 9 this Compact becomes law in that State. Any Rule that has been
- 10 previously adopted by the Commission shall have the full force
- 11 and effect of law on the day this Compact becomes law in that
- 12 State.
- 13 C. Any Participating State may withdraw from this Compact by
- 14 enacting a statute repealing the same.
- 1. A Participating State's withdrawal shall not take
- effect until one hundred eighty (180) days after enactment of
- the repealing statute. During this one hundred eighty (180)
- day-period, all Compact Privileges that were in effect in the
- 19 withdrawing State and were granted to Licensees licensed in
- the withdrawing State shall remain in effect. If any Licensee
- 21 licensed in the withdrawing State is also licensed in another
- 22 Participating State or obtains a license in another
- 23 Participating State within the one hundred eighty (180) days,
- the Licensee's Compact Privileges in other Participating
- 25 States shall not be affected by the passage of the one
- 26 hundred eighty (180) days.
- 2. Withdrawal shall not affect the continuing
- requirement of the State Licensing Board(s) of the
- 29 withdrawing State to comply with the investigative, and
- 30 Adverse Action reporting requirements of this Compact prior

- 1 to the effective date of withdrawal.
- 2 3. Upon the enactment of a statute withdrawing a State
- 3 from this Compact, the State shall immediately provide notice
- 4 of such withdrawal to all Licensees within that State. Such
- 5 withdrawing State shall continue to recognize all licenses
- 6 granted pursuant to this Compact for a minimum of one hundred
- 7 eighty (180) days after the date of such notice of
- 8 withdrawal.
- 9 D. Nothing contained in this Compact shall be construed to
- 10 invalidate or prevent any PA licensure agreement or other
- 11 cooperative arrangement between Participating States and between
- 12 a Participating State and non-Participating State that does not
- 13 conflict with the provisions of this Compact.
- 14 E. This Compact may be amended by the Participating States.
- 15 No amendment to this Compact shall become effective and binding
- 16 upon any Participating State until it is enacted materially in
- 17 the same manner into the laws of all Participating States as
- 18 determined by the Commission.
- 19 Section 12. Construction and Severability
- 20 A. This Compact and the Commission's rulemaking authority
- 21 shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate the purposes,
- 22 and the implementation and administration of the Compact.
- 23 Provisions of the Compact expressly authorizing or requiring the
- 24 promulgation of Rules shall not be construed to limit the
- 25 Commission's rulemaking authority solely for those purposes.
- 26 B. The provisions of this Compact shall be severable and if
- 27 any phrase, clause, sentence or provision of this Compact is
- 28 held by a court of competent jurisdiction to be contrary to the
- 29 constitution of any Participating State, a State seeking
- 30 participation in the Compact, or of the United States, or the

- 1 applicability thereof to any government, agency, person or
- 2 circumstance is held to be unconstitutional by a court of
- 3 competent jurisdiction, the validity of the remainder of this
- 4 Compact and the applicability thereof to any other government,
- 5 agency, person or circumstance shall not be affected thereby.
- 6 C. Notwithstanding subsection B or this section, the
- 7 Commission may deny a State's participation in the Compact or,
- 8 in accordance with the requirements of Section10.B, terminate a
- 9 Participating State's participation in the Compact, if it
- 10 determines that a constitutional requirement of a Participating
- 11 State is, or would be with respect to a State seeking to
- 12 participate in the Compact, a material departure from the
- 13 Compact. Otherwise, if this Compact shall be held to be contrary
- 14 to the constitution of any Participating State, the Compact
- 15 shall remain in full force and effect as to the remaining
- 16 Participating States and in full force and effect as to the
- 17 Participating State affected as to all severable matters.
- 18 Section 13. Binding Effect of Compact
- 19 A. Nothing herein prevents the enforcement of any other law
- 20 of a Participating State that is not inconsistent with this
- 21 Compact.
- 22 B. Any laws in a Participating State in conflict with this
- 23 Compact are superseded to the extent of the conflict.
- 24 C. All agreements between the Commission and the
- 25 Participating States are binding in accordance with their terms.
- 26 Section 3. When and how compact becomes operative.
- 27 (a) Conditions. -- When the Governor executes the PA Licensure
- 28 Compact on behalf of this State and files a verified copy
- 29 thereof with the Secretary of the Commonwealth and when the
- 30 compact comes into effect in accordance with section 11 of the

- 1 compact, the compact shall become operative and effective
- 2 between this State and the other participating states. The
- 3 Governor is authorized and directed to take any necessary action
- 4 to complete the exchange of official documents between this
- 5 State and any other participating state.
- 6 (b) Notice in Pennsylvania Bulletin. -- The Secretary of the
- 7 Commonwealth shall transmit notice to the Legislative Reference
- 8 Bureau for publication in the next available issue of the
- 9 Pennsylvania Bulletin when the conditions specified in
- 10 subsection (a) are satisfied. The notice shall include the date
- 11 on which the compact became effective and operative between this
- 12 State and the other participating states in accordance with this
- 13 act.
- 14 Section 4. Compensation and expenses of compact commissioner.
- 15 A compact commissioner who represents this State, as provided
- 16 for in section 7 of the PA Licensure Compact, shall not be
- 17 entitled to any additional compensation for the duties and
- 18 responsibilities as compact commissioner but shall be entitled
- 19 to reimbursement for reasonable expenses actually incurred in
- 20 connection with the duties and responsibilities as compact
- 21 commissioner in the same manner as for expenses incurred in
- 22 connection with other duties and responsibilities of the
- 23 individual's office or employment.
- 24 Section 5. Effective date.
- 25 This act shall take effect in 60 days.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES DEMOCRATIC COMMITTEE BILL ANALYSIS

Bill No: HB1980 PN2500 Prepared By: Kari Orchard

Committee: Professional Licensure (717) 787-6882, ext.

6241

Sponsor: Takac, Paul

Date: 10/24/2025 Executive Kari Orchard

Director:

A. Brief Concept

Requires physicians to complete one hour of continuing education in nutrition.

C. Analysis of the Bill

House Bill 1980 amends Act 13 of 2002, known as the **Medical Care Availability and Reduction of Error Act (Mcare Act)**, to direct the state Board of Medicine and state Board of Osteopathic Medicine to require licensed physicians to complete at least one hour of continuing medical education (CME) in nutrition during each two-year licensing period.

Physicians must complete 100 hours of CME every two years, and this hour would count in that requirement.

Effective Date:

This act shall take effect in 60 days.

G. Relevant Existing Laws

The Mcare Act requires individuals licensed as physicians and surgeons to complete 100 hours of continuing medical education during each two-year licensure period. Most of the 100 hours may be in topics of the physician's choice or related to their area of specialty.

The following hours are stipulated by statute or regulation:

- 2 credit hours in child abuse recognition and reporting
- 2 credit hours in opioid dispensing
- · 12 credit hours in patient safety and risk management

E. Prior Session (Previous Bill Numbers & House/Senate Votes)

This bill was not introduced in prior sessions.

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THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

HOUSE BILL

No. 1980 Session of 2025

INTRODUCED BY TAKAC, HOHENSTEIN, HILL-EVANS, HANBIDGE, FREEMAN AND SANCHEZ, OCTOBER 22, 2025

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON PROFESSIONAL LICENSURE, OCTOBER 23, 2025

AN ACT

- Amending the act of March 20, 2002 (P.L.154, No.13), entitled 1 "An act reforming the law on medical professional liability; 2 providing for patient safety and reporting; establishing the 3 Patient Safety Authority and the Patient Safety Trust Fund; abrogating regulations; providing for medical professional 5 liability informed consent, damages, expert qualifications, limitations of actions and medical records; establishing the 6 7 Interbranch Commission on Venue; providing for medical 8 professional liability insurance; establishing the Medical Care Availability and Reduction of Error Fund; providing for 10 medical professional liability claims; establishing the Joint 11 Underwriting Association; regulating medical professional 12 liability insurance; providing for medical licensure 13 regulation; providing for administration; imposing penalties; 14 and making repeals," in administrative provisions, further 15 providing for continuing medical education. 16 17 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania 18 hereby enacts as follows: 19 Section 1. Section 910(b) of the act of March 20, 2002 20 (P.L.154, No.13), known as the Medical Care Availability and 21 Reduction of Error (Mcare) Act, is amended to read: 22 Section 910. Continuing medical education.
- 24 (b) Required completion. -- Beginning with the licensure

- 1 period commencing January 1, 2003, and following written notice
- 2 to licensees by the licensure board, individuals licensed to
- 3 practice medicine and surgery without restriction shall be
- 4 required to enroll and complete 100 hours of mandatory
- 5 continuing education during each two-year licensure period. As
- 6 part of the 100-hour requirement, the licensure board shall
- 7 establish a minimum number of hours that must be completed in
- 8 improving patient safety and risk management subject areas.
- 9 Licensure boards shall also require individuals licensed to
- 10 practice medicine and surgery to complete at least one hour of
- 11 continuing medical education on nutrition during each two-year
- 12 licensure period.
- 13 * * *
- 14 Section 2. This act shall take effect in 60 days.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES DEMOCRATIC COMMITTEE BILL ANALYSIS

Bill No: SB0507 PN1158 Prepared By: Kari Orchard

Committee: Professional Licensure (717) 787-6882, ext.

Brown, Rosemary 6241

Date: 10/24/2025 Executive Kari Orchard Director:

A. Brief Concept

Sponsor:

Establishes licensure for certified midwives in Pennsylvania and modernizes collaborative agreements for nurse midwives.

C. Analysis of the Bill

Senate Bill 507 amends Act 112 of 1985, known as **The Medical Practice Act**, to establish licensure for certified midwives and to modernize requirements for nurse midwives in Pennsylvania.

Definitions

"Medical training facility." A medical college, hospital or other institution which provides courses in the art and science of medicine and surgery and related subjects for the purpose of enabling a matriculant to qualify for a license to practice medicine and surgery, graduate medical training, nurse-midwife or certified midwife certificate or physician assistant license.

"Midwife." An individual who is licensed as a nurse-midwife under Section 35 or a certified midwife under Section 35.1 by the Board.

The use of the title "midwife" may be used by a nurse-midwife and a certified midwife, or an appropriate abbreviation of either title.

Nurse-Midwives

In the bill, nurse-midwives can hold a collaborative agreement with a physician group OR an individual physician. Current law only permits agreements with individual doctors.

Allows nurse-midwives to prescribe, dispense order and administer medication for treatment of opioid use disorder or for primary gynecologic health conditions as part of a collaborative agreement. Nurse-midwives may also perform and sign the initial assessment of methadone treatment evaluations in accordance with state and federal laws and if the order for methadone treatment comes from a physician.

Licensure of Certified Midwives

Section 35.1 is added to establish licensure for certified midwives. To obtain a license, certified midwives shall have completed an academic and clinical program in midwifery that has been approved by the Board or an accrediting body recognized by the Board.

Certified midwives must practice under a collaborative agreement with a physician or a physician group.

Certified midwives who hold a Master's Degree or its substantial equivalent and national certification may prescribe, dispense, order and administer drugs, including Schedule II-V Controlled Substances if the midwife:

- Demonstrates completion of 45 hours of coursework specific to advanced pharmacology during their midwifery education
- Completes 30 hours of continuing education approved by the Board with at least 16 hours in pharmacology each two-year license renewal period.
- Acts in accordance with a collaborative agreement outlining conditions for prescribing.

Certified midwives may only prescribe, dispense, order or administer a controlled substance for a woman's acute pain, medication for treatment of an opioid use disorder or for primary gynecologic health conditions. The same guidelines apply to them as to nurse-midwives relative to the length of time they can prescribe before needing approval of a collaborating physician.

Certified midwives may:

- Perform and sign the initial assessment of methadone treatment evaluations in accordance with state and federal laws and if the order for methadone treatment comes from a physician.
- Prescribe, dispense, order and administer medical devices, immunizing agents, lab tests, therapeutic, diagnostic and preventative measures.

Exemption of Lay Midwives

The bill states that nothing in the act shall be construed to authorize or prohibit the practice of lay midwives, direct-entry midwives or other unlicensed birth workers who do not hold a license. They are not considered licensed or regulated by the Commonwealth.

Effective Date:

This act shall take effect in 60 days.

G. Relevant Existing Laws

Nurse-midwives have been licensed in Pennsylvania under the State Board of Medicine since the enactment of Act 50 of 2007.

The Medical Practice Act of 1985, Section 35, establishes licensure of nurse-midwives and the requirements to practice midwifery.

Nurse-midwives must be a registered nurse and have completed an academic and clinical program in midwifery approved by the Board. They must hold a collaborative agreement with a physician. Those who hold a Master's degree or its equivalent and who are nationally certified may prescribe, dispense, order and administer drugs, medical devices, immunizing agents, lab tests and therapeutic/diagnostic/preventative measures under a collaborative agreement.

Certified midwives are not recognized in current law in Pennsylvania.

E. Prior Session (Previous Bill Numbers & House/Senate Votes)

Similar legislation was introduced as Senate Bill 1262 in the 2023-24 Legislative Session but it was not considered in the Senate.

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THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

SENATE BILL

No. 507

Session of 2025

INTRODUCED BY BROWN, J. WARD, COMITTA, BAKER, SCHWANK, PENNYCUICK, FONTANA, COSTA, CAPPELLETTI, HAYWOOD, SAVAL, VOGEL, PISCIOTTANO AND MUTH, MARCH 21, 2025

Amending the act of December 20, 1985 (P.L.457, No.112),

SENATOR STEFANO, CONSUMER PROTECTION AND PROFESSIONAL LICENSURE, AS AMENDED, SEPTEMBER 10, 2025

AN ACT

entitled "An act relating to the right to practice medicine and surgery and the right to practice medically related acts; reestablishing the State Board of Medical Education and Licensure as the State Board of Medicine and providing for its composition, powers and duties; providing for the 6 issuance of licenses and certificates and the suspension and 7 revocation of licenses and certificates; provided penalties; and making repeals," further providing for definitions, for 9 midwifery and for nurse midwife license; and providing for 10 certified midwife license. 11 AMENDING THE ACT OF DECEMBER 20, 1985 (P.L.457, NO.112), 12 <--ENTITLED "AN ACT RELATING TO THE RIGHT TO PRACTICE MEDICINE 13 AND SURGERY AND THE RIGHT TO PRACTICE MEDICALLY RELATED ACTS; 14 REESTABLISHING THE STATE BOARD OF MEDICAL EDUCATION AND 15 LICENSURE AS THE STATE BOARD OF MEDICINE AND PROVIDING FOR 16 17 ITS COMPOSITION, POWERS AND DUTIES; PROVIDING FOR THE ISSUANCE OF LICENSES AND CERTIFICATES AND THE SUSPENSION AND 18 REVOCATION OF LICENSES AND CERTIFICATES; PROVIDED PENALTIES; 19 AND MAKING REPEALS," FURTHER PROVIDING FOR DEFINITIONS, FOR 20 MIDWIFERY AND FOR NURSE-MIDWIFE LICENSE; AND PROVIDING FOR 21 CERTIFIED MIDWIFE LICENSE. 22 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania 23 24 hereby enacts as follows: 25 Section 1. The definitions of "medical training facility" and "midwife or nurse midwife" in section 2 of the act of 26 December 20, 1985 (P.L.457, No.112), known as the Medical

- 1 Practice Act of 1985, are amended to read:
- 2 Section 2. Definitions.
- 3 The following words and phrases when used in this act shall
- 4 have the meanings given to them in this section unless the
- 5 context clearly indicates otherwise:
- 6 * * *
- 7 "Medical training facility." A medical college, hospital or
- 8 other institution which provides courses in the art and science-
- 9 of medicine and surgery and related subjects for the purpose of
- 10 enabling a matriculant to qualify for a license to practice
- 11 medicine and surgery, graduate medical training, [midwife]
- 12 <u>nurse midwife</u> certificate or physician assistant license.
- 13 * * *
- 14 "Midwife [or nurse midwife]." An individual who is licensed
- 15 as a [midwife] nurse midwife under section 35 or a certified
- 16 <u>midwife under section 35.1</u> by the board.
- 17 * * *
- 18 Section 2. Section 12(b) of the act is amended to read:
- 19 Section 12. Midwifery.
- 20 * * *
- 21 (b) Use of title. A [midwife may] nurse midwife and a
- 22 <u>certified midwife may also</u> use the title midwife[, nurse-
- 23 midwife] or an appropriate abbreviation of [those titles] the
- 24 <u>title</u>.
- 25 * * *
- 26 Section 3. Section 35(c) and (d) of the act are amended and
- 27 the section is amended by adding subsections to read:
- 28 Section 35. Nurse midwife license.
- 29 * * *
- 30 (c) Authorization.

(1) A nurse midwife is authorized to practice midwifery
[pursuant to a collaborative agreement with a physician and
regulations promulgated by the board.] under the following
conditions:

public or private health system, hospital, licensed birth center or part of an interdisciplinary group practice in which at least one physician practices in the specialty area of the care provided by the nurse midwife shall practice under a collaborative agreement with a physician or physician interdisciplinary group practice in accordance with the regulations promulgated by the board.

(ii) A nurse midwife who is an employee of a public or private health system, hospital or licensed birth center or part of an interdisciplinary group practice in which at least one physician practices in the specialty area of the care provided by the nurse midwife shall obtain and maintain clinical staff privileges at the public or private health system, hospital or licensed birth center and shall adhere to the established internal mechanisms at the facility of the public or private health system, hospital or licensed birth center for quality improvement, consultation, collaboration or referral in accordance with the nurse midwife's clinical practice privileges and the facility's policies and procedures as approved by the Department of Health.

_	Substances, as defined in the act of April 11, 15/2 (1.1.255)
2	No.64), known as The Controlled Substance, Drug, Device and
3	Cosmetic Act, provided that the nurse-midwife demonstrates to
4	the board that:
5	(i) The nurse-midwife has successfully completed at-
6	least 45 hours of coursework specific to advanced
7	pharmacology at a level above that required by a
8	professional nursing education program.
9	(ii) As a condition of biennial license renewal by
10	the board, a nurse midwife shall complete the continuing
11	education requirement as required by the act of May 22,
12	1951 (P.L.317, No.69), known as The Professional Nursing
13	Law. In case of a nurse-midwife who has prescriptive-
14	authority under this act, the continuing education
15	required by The Professional Nursing Law shall include at
16	least 16 hours in pharmacology in that two year period.
17	[(iii) The nurse midwife acts in accordance with a
18	collaborative agreement with a physician which shall at a
19	minimum identify the categories of drugs from which the
20	nurse midwife may prescribe or dispense and the drugs
21	which require referral, consultation or comanagement.]
22	(iv) The nurse midwife acts in accordance with the
23	following restrictions:
24	(A) A nurse midwife shall not prescribe,
25	dispense, order or administer a controlled substance
26	except for a woman's acute pain[.], for a woman's
27	medication assisted treatment for opioid use disorder
28	or for primary gynecologic health conditions.
29	(B) In the case of a Schedule II controlled
30	substance for acute pain, the dose shall be limited

_	to 72 hours and sharr not be extended except with the
2	approval of [the] a collaborating physician.
3	(C) In the case of a Schedule III or IV
4	controlled substance, the prescription shall be
5	limited to 30 days and shall only be refilled with
6	the approval of [the] a collaborating physician.
7	(B) A nurse midwife shall prescribe, dispense,
8	order or administer psychotropic drugs only after
9	consulting with the collaborating physician.
10	(D) A nurse midwife when working with a
11	physician or physician group prescribing medication
12	treatment for opioid use disorder may prescribe,
13	dispense, order and administer United States Food and
14	Drug Administration approved prescription drugs,
15	including buprenorphine, methadone and naltrexone,
16	for medication assisted treatment for opioid use
17	disorders consistent with Federal laws and
18	regulations.
19	(3) A nurse-midwife may, [in accordance with a
20	collaborative agreement with a physician and] consistent with
21	the nurse-midwife's academic educational preparation and
22	national certification, prescribe, dispense, order and
23	administer:
24	(i) Medical devices.
25	(ii) Immunizing agents.
26	(iii) Laboratory tests.
27	(iv) Therapeutic, diagnostic and preventative
28	measures.
29	{ (d) Collaborative agreements. The physician with whom a
30	nurse midwife has a collaborative agreement shall have hospital

clinical privileges in the specialty area of the care for which 1 2 the physician is providing collaborative services. 3 (e) Consultation, collaboration or referral. (1) A nurse midwife who is an employee of a public or 4 5 private health system, hospital or licensed birth center or 6 part of an interdisciplinary group practice in which at least 7 one physician practices in the specialty area of the care provided by the nurse midwife shall identify deviations from 8 normal and appropriate interventions, including the 9 management of complications and emergencies utilizing 10 consultation, collaboration or referral to or with a 11 physician as indicated by the health status of a patient. A 12 consultation between a nurse-midwife and a physician shall-13 not alone establish a physician patient relationship or any 14 other legal relationship with the physician. A nurse midwife 15 shall be solely responsible for the services the nurse 16 midwife provides to a patient. 17 (2) In order to maintain safe midwifery practice during 18 a collaboration with a physician, a nurse midwife shall, at a 19 minimum, take all of the following actions: 20 21 (i) Maintain a medical record for each patient. (ii) In the case of a transfer of care to another_ 22 23 health care provider or facility, transfer a patient's 24 medical records to the health care provider or facility. (f) Disclosures. - A nurse midwife who is not an employee of 25 a public or private health system, hospital or licensed birth 26 center or part of an interdisciplinary group practice in which 27 28 at least one physician practices in the specialty area of the 29 care provided by the midwife shall disclose, verbally and inwritten form, the information specified in paragraphs (1) and

1	(2) to a prospective patient at the beginning of the
2	professional relationship between nurse midwife and the patient.
3	The discussion must be documented by the use of a disclosure
4	form. The patient shall sign and date the disclosure under this
5	subsection at the same time the nurse-midwife and patient enter
6	into an agreement for services. The nurse midwife shall file the
7	disclosure under this subsection in the patient's medical
8	record. The disclosure shall include all the following
9	<u>information:</u>
10	(1) The nurse-midwife's name.
11	(2) The patient's name, contact information and the name
12	of the patient's primary care provider, if applicable.
13	(3) An individual emergency plan established between the
14	nurse midwife and patient. The plan shall include all of the
15	<pre>following:</pre>
16	(i) The patient's name, address and telephone
17	number.
18	(ii) The arrangements for transport from the
19	delivery site to a nearby hospital with obstetric
20	services.
21	(iii) The name, address and telephone number of the
22	hospital with obstetric services that will be used for an
23	emergency transfer.
24	(iv) The name, address and telephone number of the
25	hospital with obstetric services that will be used for a
26	nonemergency transfer.
27	(v) The name and telephone number of the
28	collaborating physician or another physician, group
29	practice, public or private health system or hospital
30	with which the nurse midwife has a collaborative

1	agreement or which provides backup care or co-management
2	care to the patient.
3	Section 4. The act is amended by adding a section to read:
4	Section 35.1. Certified midwife license.
5	(a) License. A certified midwife license shall empower the
6	licensee to practice midwifery in this Commonwealth as provided
7	in this act. The board shall issue rules and promulgate
8	regulations as may be necessary for the examination, licensing
9	and proper conduct of the practice of midwifery.
10	(b) Requirements. An applicant for a certified midwife
11	license must have completed an academic and clinical program of
12	study in midwifery which has been approved by the board or an
13	accrediting body recognized by the board.
14	(c) Authorization.
15	(1) A certified midwife may practice midwifery under the
16	following conditions:
17	(i) A certified midwife who is not an employee of a
18	public or private health system, hospital or licensed
19	birth center or part of an interdisciplinary group
20	practice in which at least one physician practices in the
21	specialty area of the care provided by the midwife shall
22	practice under a collaborative agreement with a physician
23	or physician interdisciplinary group practice in
24	accordance with the regulations promulgated by the board.
25	(ii) A certified midwife who is an employee of a
26	public or private health system, hospital or licensed
27	birth center or part of an interdisciplinary group
28	practice in which at least one physician practices in the
29	specialty area of the care provided by the midwife shall
30	obtain and maintain alinical staff privileges at the

1	public or private health system, hospital or licensed
2	birth center and shall adhere to the established internal
3	mechanisms at the facility of the public or private
4	health system, hospital or licensed birth center for
5	quality improvement, consultation, collaboration or
6	referral in accordance with the certified midwife's
7	clinical practice privileges and the facility's policies
8	and procedures as approved by the Department of Health.
9	(2) A certified midwife who possesses a master's degree
10	or its substantial equivalent and national certification may
11	prescribe, dispense, order and administer drugs, including
12	legend drugs and Schedule II through Schedule V controlled
13	substances, as defined in the act of April 14, 1972 (P.L.233,
14	No.64), known as The Controlled Substance, Drug, Device and
15	Cosmetic Act, if the certified midwife demonstrates to the
16	board that:
17	(i) The certified midwife has successfully completed
	(1) The certified midwife has successfully completed
18	at least 45 hours of coursework specific to advanced
18	
	at least 45 hours of coursework specific to advanced
19	at least 45 hours of coursework specific to advanced pharmacology during the individual's midwifery education.
19	at least 45 hours of coursework specific to advanced pharmacology during the individual's midwifery education. (ii) As a condition of biennial license renewal by
19 20 21	<pre>at least 45 hours of coursework specific to advanced pharmacology during the individual's midwifery education. (ii) As a condition of biennial license renewal by the board, a certified midwife shall complete at least 16</pre>
19 20 21 22	at least 45 hours of coursework specific to advanced pharmacology during the individual's midwifery education. (ii) As a condition of biennial license renewal by the board, a certified midwife shall complete at least 16 hours of continuing education in pharmacology in that
19 20 21 22 23	at least 45 hours of coursework specific to advanced pharmacology during the individual's midwifery education. (ii) As a condition of biennial license renewal by the board, a certified midwife shall complete at least 16 hours of continuing education in pharmacology in that two year period. Beginning with the license period
19 20 21 22 23	at least 45 hours of coursework specific to advanced pharmacology during the individual's midwifery education. (ii) As a condition of biennial license renewal by the board, a certified midwife shall complete at least 16 hours of continuing education in pharmacology in that two year period. Beginning with the license period designated by regulation, licensees shall be required to
19 20 21 22 23 24	at least 45 hours of coursework specific to advanced pharmacology during the individual's midwifery education. (ii) As a condition of biennial license renewal by the board, a certified midwife shall complete at least 16 hours of continuing education in pharmacology in that two year period. Beginning with the license period designated by regulation, licensees shall be required to attend and complete 30 hours of mandatory continuing
19 20 21 22 23 24 25	at least 45 hours of coursework specific to advanced pharmacology during the individual's midwifery education. (ii) As a condition of biennial license renewal by the board, a certified midwife shall complete at least 16 hours of continuing education in pharmacology in that two year period. Beginning with the license period designated by regulation, licensees shall be required to attend and complete 30 hours of mandatory continuing education during each two year license period. Nationally
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	at least 45 hours of coursework specific to advanced pharmacology during the individual's midwifery education. (ii) As a condition of biennial license renewal by the board, a certified midwife shall complete at least 16 hours of continuing education in pharmacology in that two year period. Beginning with the license period designated by regulation, licensees shall be required to attend and complete 30 hours of mandatory continuing education during each two year license period. Nationally certified education courses shall be considered as

1	(iii) An individual applying for the first time for
2	licensure in this Commonwealth shall be exempted from the
3	continuing education requirement for the biennial renewal
4	period following initial licensure.
5	(iv) The certified midwife acts in accordance with
6	the following restrictions:
7	(A) A certified midwife shall not prescribe,
8	dispense, order or administer a controlled substance
9	except for a woman's acute pain, for a woman's
10	medication assisted treatment for opioid use
11	disorder, or for primary gynecologic health
12	conditions.
13	(B) For a Schedule II controlled substance for
14	acute pain, the dose shall be limited to 72 hours and
15	shall not be extended except with the approval of a
16	collaborating physician.
17	(C) For a Schedule III or IV controlled
18	substance, the prescription shall be limited to 30
19	days and shall only be refilled with the approval of
20	a collaborating physician.
21	(D) A certified midwife, when working with a
22	physician or physician group prescribing medication
23	treatment for opioid use disorder, may prescribe,
24	dispense, order and administer United States Food and
25	Drug Administration approved prescription drugs,
26	including buprenorphine, methadone and naltrexone,
27	for medication assisted treatment for opioid use
28	disorders consistent with Federal laws and
29	<u>regulations.</u>
30	(3) A certified midwife may, consistent with the

1	<u>certified midwife's academic educational preparation and</u>
2	national certification, prescribe, dispense, order and
3	administer:
4	<u>(i) Medical devices.</u>
5	(ii) Immunizing agents.
6	<u>(iii) Laboratory tests.</u>
7	(iv) Therapeutic, diagnostic and preventative
8	<u>measures.</u>
9	(d) Consultation, collaboration or referral.
10	(1) A certified midwife who is an employee of a public
11	or private health system, hospital or licensed birth center
12	or part of an interdisciplinary group practice in which at
13	least one physician practices in the specialty area of the
14	care provided by the midwife shall identify deviations from
15	normal and appropriate interventions, including the
16	management of complications and emergencies utilizing
17	consultation, collaboration or referral to or with a
18	physician as indicated by the health status of a patient. A
19	consultation between a certified midwife and a physician
20	shall not alone establish a physician patient relationship or
21	any other legal relationship with the physician. A certified
22	midwife shall be solely responsible for the services the
23	certified midwife provides to a patient.
24	(2) In order to maintain safe midwifery practice during
25	a collaboration with a physician, a certified midwife shall,
26	at a minimum, take all of the following actions:
27	(i) Maintain a medical record for each patient.
28	(ii) In the case of a transfer of care to another
29	health care provider or facility, transfer a patient's
30	medical records to the health care provider or facility.

1	(e) Disclosures. A certified midwife who is not an employee
2	of a public or private health system, hospital or licensed birth
3	center or part of an interdisciplinary group practice in which
4	at least one physician practices in the specialty area of the
5	care provided by the midwife shall disclose, verbally and in
6	written form, the information specified in paragraphs (1) and
7	(2) to a prospective patient at the beginning of the
8	professional relationship between certified midwife and the
9	patient. The discussion must be documented by the use of a
10	disclosure form. The patient shall sign and date the disclosure
11	under this subsection at the same time the nurse-midwife and
12	patient enter into an agreement for services. The certified
13	midwife shall file the disclosure under this subsection in the
14	patient's medical record. The disclosure shall include all the
15	<u>following information:</u>
16	(1) The certified midwife's name.
17	(2) The patient's name, contact information and the name
18	of the patient's primary care provider, if applicable.
19	(3) An individual emergency plan established between the
20	certified midwife and patient. The plan shall include all of
21	the following:
22	(i) The patient's name, address and telephone
23	number.
24	(ii) The arrangements for transport from the
25	delivery site to a nearby hospital with obstetrics
26	services.
27	(iii) The name, address and telephone number of the
28	hospital with obstetric services that will be used for an
29	<u>emergency transfer.</u>
30	(iv) The name, address and telephone number of the

1	<u>hospital with obstetric services that will be used for a </u>
2	nonemergency transfer.
3	(v) The name and telephone number of the
4	collaborating physician or another physician, group
5	practice, public or private health system or hospital
6	with which the certified midwife has a collaborative
7	agreement or which provides backup care or co-management
8	care to the patient.
9	(f) Mcare Act. A certified midwife licensed under this
10	section is subject to the same provisions as a certified nurse
11	midwife is under the act of March 20, 2002 (P.L.154, No.13),
12	known as the Medical Care Availability and Reduction of Error
13	(Mcare) Act.
14	Section 5. This act shall take effect in 60 days.
15	SECTION 1. THE DEFINITIONS OF "MEDICAL TRAINING FACILITY" <
16	AND "MIDWIFE OR NURSE-MIDWIFE" IN SECTION 2 OF THE ACT OF
17	DECEMBER 20, 1985 (P.L.457, NO.112), KNOWN AS THE MEDICAL
18	PRACTICE ACT OF 1985, ARE AMENDED AND THE SECTION IS AMENDED BY
19	ADDING A DEFINITION TO READ:
20	SECTION 2. DEFINITIONS.
21	THE FOLLOWING WORDS AND PHRASES WHEN USED IN THIS ACT SHALL
22	HAVE THE MEANINGS GIVEN TO THEM IN THIS SECTION UNLESS THE
23	CONTEXT CLEARLY INDICATES OTHERWISE:
24	* * *
25	"MEDICAL TRAINING FACILITY." A MEDICAL COLLEGE, HOSPITAL OR
26	OTHER INSTITUTION WHICH PROVIDES COURSES IN THE ART AND SCIENCE
27	OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY AND RELATED SUBJECTS FOR THE PURPOSE OF
28	ENABLING A MATRICULANT TO QUALIFY FOR A LICENSE TO PRACTICE
29	MEDICINE AND SURGERY, GRADUATE MEDICAL TRAINING, [MIDWIFE]
30	NURSE-MIDWIFE OR CERTIFIED MIDWIFE CERTIFICATE OR PHYSICIAN

- 1 ASSISTANT LICENSE.
- 2 * * *
- 3 ["MIDWIFE OR NURSE-MIDWIFE." AN INDIVIDUAL WHO IS LICENSED
- 4 AS A MIDWIFE BY THE BOARD.]
- 5 "MIDWIFE." AN INDIVIDUAL WHO IS LICENSED AS A NURSE-MIDWIFE
- 6 <u>UNDER SECTION 35 OR A CERTIFIED MIDWIFE UNDER SECTION 35.1 BY</u>
- 7 THE BOARD.
- 8 * * *
- 9 SECTION 2. SECTIONS 12(B) AND 35(C)(1), (2)(III) AND (IV)
- 10 AND (3) AND (D) OF THE ACT ARE AMENDED TO READ:
- 11 SECTION 12. MIDWIFERY.
- 12 * * *
- 13 (B) USE OF TITLE. -- A [MIDWIFE MAY] NURSE-MIDWIFE AND A
- 14 CERTIFIED MIDWIFE MAY ALSO USE THE TITLE MIDWIFE[, NURSE-
- 15 MIDWIFE] OR AN APPROPRIATE ABBREVIATION OF [THOSE TITLES] THE
- 16 TITLE.
- 17 * * *
- 18 SECTION 35. NURSE-MIDWIFE LICENSE.
- 19 * * *
- 20 (C) AUTHORIZATION.--
- 21 (1) A NURSE-MIDWIFE IS AUTHORIZED TO PRACTICE MIDWIFERY
- 22 PURSUANT TO A COLLABORATIVE AGREEMENT WITH A PHYSICIAN OR
- 23 PHYSICIAN GROUP AND REGULATIONS PROMULGATED BY THE BOARD.
- 24 (2) A NURSE-MIDWIFE WHO POSSESSES A MASTER'S DEGREE OR
- 25 ITS SUBSTANTIAL EQUIVALENT AND NATIONAL CERTIFICATION MAY
- 26 PRESCRIBE, DISPENSE, ORDER AND ADMINISTER DRUGS, INCLUDING
- 27 LEGEND DRUGS AND SCHEDULE II THROUGH SCHEDULE V CONTROLLED
- 28 SUBSTANCES, AS DEFINED IN THE ACT OF APRIL 14, 1972 (P.L.233,
- 29 NO.64), KNOWN AS THE CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, DRUG, DEVICE AND
- 30 COSMETIC ACT, PROVIDED THAT THE NURSE-MIDWIFE DEMONSTRATES TO

Τ	THE BOARD THAT:
2	* * *
3	(III) THE NURSE-MIDWIFE ACTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH A
4	COLLABORATIVE AGREEMENT WITH A PHYSICIAN OR PHYSICIAN
5	GROUP WHICH SHALL AT A MINIMUM IDENTIFY THE CATEGORIES OF
6	DRUGS FROM WHICH THE NURSE-MIDWIFE MAY PRESCRIBE OR
7	DISPENSE AND THE DRUGS WHICH REQUIRE REFERRAL,
8	CONSULTATION OR COMANAGEMENT.
9	(IV) THE NURSE-MIDWIFE ACTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE
10	FOLLOWING RESTRICTIONS:
11	(A) A NURSE-MIDWIFE SHALL NOT PRESCRIBE,
12	DISPENSE, ORDER OR ADMINISTER A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE
13	EXCEPT FOR A WOMAN'S ACUTE PAIN[.], FOR A WOMAN'S
14	MEDICATION FOR TREATMENT OF OPIOID USE DISORDER OR
15	FOR PRIMARY GYNECOLOGIC HEALTH CONDITIONS. THE
16	FOLLOWING SHALL APPLY:
17	(I) IN THE CASE OF A SCHEDULE II CONTROLLED
18	SUBSTANCE, THE DOSE SHALL BE LIMITED TO 72 HOURS
19	AND SHALL NOT BE EXTENDED EXCEPT WITH THE
20	APPROVAL OF [THE] \underline{A} COLLABORATING PHYSICIAN.
21	(II) IN THE CASE OF A SCHEDULE III OR IV
22	CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, THE PRESCRIPTION SHALL BE
23	LIMITED TO 30 DAYS AND SHALL ONLY BE REFILLED
24	WITH THE APPROVAL OF $[THE]$ <u>A</u> COLLABORATING
25	PHYSICIAN.
26	(B) A NURSE-MIDWIFE SHALL PRESCRIBE, DISPENSE,
27	ORDER OR ADMINISTER PSYCHOTROPIC DRUGS ONLY AFTER
28	CONSULTING WITH [THE] \underline{A} COLLABORATING PHYSICIAN.
29	(C) A NURSE-MIDWIFE, WHEN WORKING WITH A
30	PHYSICIAN OR PHYSICIAN GROUP, MAY PERFORM AND SIGN

1	THE INITIAL ASSESSMENT OF METHADONE TREATMENT
2	EVALUATIONS IN ACCORDANCE WITH FEDERAL AND STATE LAW
3	AND REGULATIONS, SUBJECT TO THE REQUIREMENT THAT ANY
4	ORDER FOR METHADONE TREATMENT SHALL ONLY BE MADE BY A
5	PHYSICIAN.
6	(3) A NURSE-MIDWIFE MAY, IN ACCORDANCE WITH A
7	COLLABORATIVE AGREEMENT WITH A PHYSICIAN OR PHYSICIAN GROUP
8	AND CONSISTENT WITH THE NURSE-MIDWIFE'S ACADEMIC EDUCATIONAL
9	PREPARATION AND NATIONAL CERTIFICATION, PRESCRIBE, DISPENSE,
10	ORDER AND ADMINISTER:
11	* * *
12	(D) COLLABORATIVE AGREEMENTS THE PHYSICIAN OR PHYSICIAN
13	GROUP WITH WHOM A NURSE-MIDWIFE HAS A COLLABORATIVE AGREEMENT
14	SHALL HAVE HOSPITAL CLINICAL PRIVILEGES IN THE SPECIALTY AREA OF
15	THE CARE FOR WHICH THE PHYSICIAN OR PHYSICIAN GROUP IS PROVIDING
16	COLLABORATIVE SERVICES.
17	SECTION 3. THE ACT IS AMENDED BY ADDING A SECTION TO READ:
18	SECTION 35.1. CERTIFIED MIDWIFE LICENSE.
19	(A) LICENSE A CERTIFIED MIDWIFE LICENSE SHALL AUTHORIZE
20	THE LICENSEE TO PRACTICE MIDWIFERY IN THIS COMMONWEALTH AS
21	PROVIDED IN THIS ACT. THE BOARD SHALL PROMULGATE REGULATIONS AS
22	MAY BE NECESSARY FOR THE EXAMINATION, LICENSURE AND PROPER
23	CONDUCT OF THE PRACTICE OF MIDWIFERY WITHIN TWO YEARS OF THE
24	EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS SUBSECTION.
25	(B) REQUIREMENTS AN APPLICANT FOR A CERTIFIED MIDWIFE
26	LICENSE SHALL HAVE COMPLETED AN ACADEMIC AND CLINICAL PROGRAM OF
27	STUDY IN MIDWIFERY THAT HAS BEEN APPROVED BY THE BOARD OR BY AN

29 <u>(C) AUTHORIZATION.--</u>

ACCREDITING BODY RECOGNIZED BY THE BOARD.

30 (1) A CERTIFIED MIDWIFE MAY PRACTICE MIDWIFERY PURSUANT

1	TO A COLLABORATIVE AGREEMENT WITH A PHYSICIAN OR PHYSICIAN
2	GROUP AND REGULATIONS PROMULGATED BY THE BOARD.
3	(2) A CERTIFIED MIDWIFE WHO POSSESSES A MASTER'S DEGREE
4	OR ITS SUBSTANTIAL EQUIVALENT AND NATIONAL CERTIFICATION MAY
5	PRESCRIBE, DISPENSE, ORDER AND ADMINISTER DRUGS, INCLUDING
6	LEGEND DRUGS AND SCHEDULE II THROUGH SCHEDULE V CONTROLLED
7	SUBSTANCES, AS DEFINED IN THE ACT OF APRIL 14, 1972 (P.L.233,
8	NO.64), KNOWN AS THE CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, DRUG, DEVICE AND
9	COSMETIC ACT, IF THE CERTIFIED MIDWIFE COMPLIES WITH ALL OF
10	THE FOLLOWING:
11	(I) THE CERTIFIED MIDWIFE SHALL DEMONSTRATE TO THE
12	BOARD THAT THE CERTIFIED MIDWIFE HAS SUCCESSFULLY
13	COMPLETED AT LEAST 45 HOURS OF COURSEWORK SPECIFIC TO
14	ADVANCED PHARMACOLOGY DURING THE INDIVIDUAL'S MIDWIFERY
15	EDUCATION.
16	(II) AS A CONDITION OF BIENNIAL LICENSE RENEWAL, THE
17	CERTIFIED MIDWIFE SHALL, IN THE TWO YEARS PRIOR TO
18	RENEWAL, COMPLETE AT LEAST 30 HOURS OF CONTINUING
19	EDUCATION APPROVED BY THE BOARD. IN THE CASE OF A
20	CERTIFIED MIDWIFE WITH PRESCRIPTIVE AUTHORITY UNDER THIS
21	ACT, THE 30 HOURS OF CONTINUING EDUCATION SHALL INCLUDE
22	AT LEAST 16 HOURS IN PHARMACOLOGY. BEGINNING WITH THE
23	LICENSE PERIOD DESIGNATED BY REGULATION, LICENSEES SHALL
24	BE REQUIRED TO COMPLETE 30 HOURS OF MANDATORY CONTINUING
25	EDUCATION DURING EACH TWO-YEAR LICENSE PERIOD. NATIONALLY
26	CERTIFIED EDUCATION COURSES SHALL BE CONSIDERED
27	CREDITABLE, IN ADDITION TO ANY OTHER COURSES THE BOARD
28	DEEMS CREDITABLE TOWARD MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS FOR
29	CONTINUING EDUCATION. AN INDIVIDUAL APPLYING FOR INITIAL
30	LICENSURE IN THIS COMMONWEALTH SHALL BE EXEMPT FROM THE

1	CONTINUING EDUCATION REQUIREMENT FOR THE BIENNIAL RENEWAL
2	PERIOD FOLLOWING INITIAL LICENSURE.
3	(III) THE CERTIFIED MIDWIFE SHALL ACT IN ACCORDANCE
4	WITH A COLLABORATIVE AGREEMENT WITH A PHYSICIAN OR
5	PHYSICIAN GROUP, WHICH SHALL AT A MINIMUM IDENTIFY THE
6	CATEGORIES OF DRUGS FROM WHICH THE CERTIFIED MIDWIFE MAY
7	PRESCRIBE OR DISPENSE AND THE DRUGS WHICH REQUIRE
8	REFERRAL, CONSULTATION OR COMANAGEMENT.
9	(IV) THE CERTIFIED MIDWIFE SHALL ACT IN ACCORDANCE
10	WITH THE FOLLOWING:
11	(A) THE CERTIFIED MIDWIFE MAY NOT PRESCRIBE,
12	DISPENSE, ORDER OR ADMINISTER A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE
13	EXCEPT FOR A WOMAN'S ACUTE PAIN, FOR A WOMAN'S
14	MEDICATION FOR TREATMENT OF OPIOID USE DISORDER OR
15	FOR PRIMARY GYNECOLOGIC HEALTH CONDITIONS. THE
16	FOLLOWING SHALL APPLY:
17	(I) IN THE CASE OF A SCHEDULE II CONTROLLED
18	SUBSTANCE, THE DOSE SHALL BE LIMITED TO 72 HOURS
19	AND SHALL NOT BE EXTENDED EXCEPT WITH THE
20	APPROVAL OF A COLLABORATING PHYSICIAN.
21	(II) IN THE CASE OF A SCHEDULE III OR IV
22	CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, THE PRESCRIPTION SHALL BE
23	LIMITED TO 30 DAYS AND SHALL ONLY BE REFILLED
24	WITH THE APPROVAL OF A COLLABORATING PHYSICIAN.
25	(B) THE CERTIFIED MIDWIFE SHALL PRESCRIBE,
26	DISPENSE, ORDER OR ADMINISTER PSYCHOTROPIC DRUGS ONLY
27	AFTER CONSULTING WITH A COLLABORATING PHYSICIAN.
28	(C) THE CERTIFIED MIDWIFE, WHEN WORKING WITH A
29	PHYSICIAN OR PHYSICIAN GROUP, MAY PERFORM AND SIGN
30	THE INITIAL ASSESSMENT OF METHADONE TREATMENT

1	EVALUATIONS IN ACCORDANCE WITH FEDERAL AND STATE LAW
2	AND REGULATIONS, SUBJECT TO THE REQUIREMENT THAT ANY
3	ORDER FOR METHADONE TREATMENT SHALL ONLY BE MADE BY A
4	PHYSICIAN.
5	(3) A CERTIFIED MIDWIFE MAY, CONSISTENT WITH THE
6	CERTIFIED MIDWIFE'S ACADEMIC EDUCATIONAL PREPARATION AND
7	NATIONAL CERTIFICATION, PRESCRIBE, DISPENSE, ORDER AND
8	ADMINISTER:
9	(I) MEDICAL DEVICES.
10	(II) IMMUNIZING AGENTS.
11	(III) LABORATORY TESTS.
12	(IV) THERAPEUTIC, DIAGNOSTIC AND PREVENTATIVE
13	MEASURES.
14	(D) COLLABORATIVE AGREEMENTS THE PHYSICIAN OR PHYSICIAN
15	GROUP WITH WHOM A CERTIFIED MIDWIFE HAS A COLLABORATIVE
16	AGREEMENT SHALL HAVE HOSPITAL CLINICAL PRIVILEGES IN THE
17	SPECIALTY AREA OF THE CARE FOR WHICH THE PHYSICIAN OR PHYSICIAN
18	GROUP IS PROVIDING COLLABORATIVE SERVICES.
19	(E) MCARE ACTA CERTIFIED MIDWIFE LICENSED UNDER THIS
20	SECTION SHALL BE SUBJECT TO THE SAME PROVISIONS AS A CERTIFIED
21	NURSE-MIDWIFE UNDER THE ACT OF MARCH 20, 2002 (P.L.154, NO.13),
22	KNOWN AS THE MEDICAL CARE AVAILABILITY AND REDUCTION OF ERROR
23	(MCARE) ACT.
24	SECTION 4. NOTHING IN THIS ACT SHALL BE CONSTRUED TO
25	AUTHORIZE OR PROHIBIT THE PRACTICE OF LAY MIDWIVES, DIRECT-ENTRY
26	MIDWIVES OR OTHER UNLICENSED BIRTH WORKERS WHO DO NOT HOLD A
27	LICENSE UNDER THIS ACT. A LAY MIDWIFE, DIRECT-ENTRY MIDWIFE OR
28	OTHER UNLICENSED BIRTH WORKER WHO DOES NOT HOLD A LICENSE UNDER
29	THIS ACT SHALL NOT BE CONSIDERED LICENSED OR REGULATED BY THE
30	COMMONWEALTH.

1 SECTION 5. THIS ACT SHALL TAKE EFFECT IN 60 DAYS.